



Fire Beater[®]
Keep safe and secure

How to reduce the risk of fire

Smoking

- Smoking is the number 1 cause of home fire deaths.
- Each year over one billion smokers throughout the world light over 6 trillion cigarettes, creating a potential source of ignition from cigarettes.
- Use the Fire Beater™ Cradle to eliminate up to 90% of these fires.
- If you use a conventional ashtray, never leave the cigarette unattended.
- Never smoke in bed or when you feel drowsy.
- Always check for smouldering ashes and butts when emptying ashtrays.
- Children watch adults light cigarettes and want to try themselves, they are naturally curious.
- Teach your children that matches and lighters are tools for adults, not toys for kids.
- Always store smoking materials where children can't reach them.

Cooking

- When you cook be alert and keep children out of the way.
- Keep the pot handles turned inward so they can't be knocked over the edge of the stove.
- If cooking oil catches fire, slide a close-fitting lid over the pan to smother the flames, then turn burner off.

Electricity

- If an appliance smokes or smells like it's burning, unplug it immediately and have it repaired.
- If you use extension cords, don't overload them or run them under carpets or rugs.
- Check all of your electrical cords and replace any that are cracked or frayed.
- Remember that fuses and circuit breakers protect you from fires; don't tamper with the fuse box or use fuses of improper size.

Smoke Alarms

- Smoke alarms warn you of a fire in time to let you escape.
- Install smoke alarms on each level of your home and outside each sleeping area.
- Always follow the manufacturer's instructions and test at least once a week.
- Replace weak or "dead" batteries immediately and don't ever borrow them for other uses!
- Remember, if your smoke alarms are hand wired they will not function during a power failure consider installing a backup battery powered smoke alarm as an additional asset to your home.



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Plan and Practice to escape

- If a fire breaks out in your home, you must get out fast.
- Plan two ways out of every room with your family, in case of fire, flames or smoke may block one exit.
- Choose a meeting place outside where everyone will gather.
- At least twice a year, have the entire family practice the escape plan.
- If you live in a multi-story building, do not use the elevators in the event of a fire.
- If you get caught in smoke, the cleanest air will be near the floor, get down on your hands and knees and crawl to the nearest safe exit.

If your clothes catch fire don't run

- Stop where you are.
- Drop gently to the ground.
- Cover your face with your hands to protect your face and lungs.
- Roll over and over to smoulder the flames.
- If someone gets burned, immediately run cool water over the wound five to ten minutes to ease the pain.
- If the burn is blistered or charred, see a doctor immediately.

Power Failures

- In the event of power failures do not use open flames or charcoal grills indoors.
- Do not use gas- fuelled appliances such as alternative heating sources indoors.
- If you plan to use a portable generator, or connect household items to the generator, do not unless it has been wired professionally.
- Do not hook the generator up to your home's electrical system.
- Be sure the generator is kept in a well-ventilated area (outside all buildings).
- Do not put a gasoline-powered generator anywhere in your home.

Examine your smoke alarms now!

- Remember if your alarms are hand wired they will not function during a power failure- consider installing a backup battery powered smoke alarm as an additional asset to your home.
- When purchasing electrical appliances and fixtures, fire extinguishers, carbon monoxide detectors, and smoke alarms, always look for the appropriate Standards Association seal of approval.
- Always use or install equipment in accordance with the listing specifications.

Remember

- By planning ahead, there's a lot you can do to prevent a fire.
- But once a fire starts in your home,
- First, get out immediately!
- Call the fire Services from a neighbour's home.
- Do not go back into a burning building for any reason.
- If someone is trapped inside, tell the fire fighters when they arrive.